1	OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF MEDICAID
2	SERVICES
3	2011 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: David Clark
6	Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
7	LONG TITLE
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill creates, within the governor's office, the Office of Inspector General of
11	Medicaid Services.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	defines terms;
15	 creates, within the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, the Office of
16	Inspector General of Medicaid Services (office);
17	 describes and provides for the qualifications, appointment, term of office, and
18	removal of the Inspector General of Medicaid Services (inspector general);
19	 describes the duties and powers of the inspector general and the office;
20	 requires the inspector general to enter into a memorandum of understanding with
21	the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the attorney general's office (fraud unit);
22	requires the office to annually select and review a representative sample of claims
23	submitted for reimbursement under the state Medicaid program to determine
24	whether fraud, waste, or abuse occurred;

• provides for the transfer of FTEs from the Department of Health to the Governor's



- 26 Office of Planning and Budget to staff the office;
- establishes a process where the inspector general can order a hold on the payment of
- a claim for reimbursement submitted by a claimant if there is reasonable cause to
- believe that the claim, or payment of the claim, constitutes fraud, waste, or abuse, or
- 30 is otherwise inaccurate;
- 32 the use or expenditure of Medicaid funds or the provision of services;
- 33 ▶ grants the office access to the Controlled Substance Database and to all records,
- information, and databases that the Department of Health and the Division of Health
- 35 Care Financing have access to;
- requires the Department of Health, the Division of Health Care Financing, and
- 37 others to fully cooperate with and support the inspector general and the office in
- 38 fulfilling the duties of the inspector general and the office;
- prohibits a person from interfering with or impeding an investigation or audit of the
- 40 office or fraud unit and from interfering with the content or conclusion of a report;
- ▶ grants subpoena power to the inspector general;
- requires a health care professional, a Medicaid provider, and a state or local
- 43 government official or employee to report any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse of
- 44 which they become aware;
- requires the inspector general to, on an annual basis, prepare a written report on the
- activities of the office for the preceding fiscal year, to provide the report to the
- 47 governor, and to provide and present the report to the Executive Appropriations
- 48 Committee of the Legislature;
 - requires the provision of contract services to the office by the attorney general's
- office and the Division of Health Care Financing;
- > classifies certain records relating to an investigation or audit by the office as
- 52 protected; and

- makes technical changes.
- 54 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- This bill appropriates, as ongoing appropriations:
- b to Department of Health Executive Director's Operations: ▶

57	• from the General Fund, \$(694,900);
58	• from the Federal Fund, \$(1,037,000); and
59	• from Revenue Transfers - Within Agency, \$(81,500);
60	to Medicaid Mandatory Services:
61	• from the General Fund, \$(300,000); and
62	• from the Federal Fund, \$(519,100); and
63	to Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services:
64	• from the General Fund, \$994,900;
65	• from the Federal Fund, \$1,556,100; and
66	• from Revenue Transfers - Health, \$81,500.
67	Other Special Clauses:
68	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.
69	Utah Code Sections Affected:
70	AMENDS:
71	26-18-2.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 149
72	26-18-3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 149, 323, 340, and 391
73	58-37f-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 287 and last amended by
74	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 312
75	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 6, 113, and 247
76	63I-2-263, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 224
77	63J-4-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
78	ENACTS:
79	63J-4a-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
80	63J-4a-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
81	63J-4a-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
82	63J-4a-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
83	63J-4a-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
84	63J-4a-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
85	63J-4a-205 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
86	63J-4a-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
87	63J-4a-207 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

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88	63J-4a-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
89	63J-4a-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
90	63J-4a-303 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
91	63J-4a-304 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
92	63J-4a-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
93	63J-4a-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
94	63J-4a-502 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
95	63J-4a-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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97	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
98	Section 1. Section 26-18-2.3 is amended to read:
99	26-18-2.3. Division responsibilities Emphasis Periodic assessment.
100	(1) In accordance with the requirements of Title XIX of the Social Security Act and
101	applicable federal regulations, the division is responsible for the effective and impartial
102	administration of this chapter in an efficient, economical manner. The division shall:
103	(a) establish, on a statewide basis, a program to safeguard against unnecessary or
104	inappropriate use of Medicaid services, excessive payments, and unnecessary or inappropriate
105	hospital admissions or lengths of stay;
106	(b) deny any provider claim for services that fail to meet criteria established by the
107	division concerning medical necessity or appropriateness; and
108	(c) place its emphasis on high quality care to recipients in the most economical and
109	cost-effective manner possible, with regard to both publicly and privately provided services.
110	(2) The division shall implement and utilize cost-containment methods, where
111	possible, which may include:
112	(a) prepayment and postpayment review systems to determine if utilization is
113	reasonable and necessary;
114	(b) preadmission certification of nonemergency admissions;
115	(c) mandatory outpatient, rather than inpatient, surgery in appropriate cases;
116	(d) second surgical opinions;

(f) consistent with Sections 26-18-2.4 and 58-17b-606, a Medicaid drug program;

(e) procedures for encouraging the use of outpatient services;

119	(g) coordination of benefits; and
120	(h) review and exclusion of providers who are not cost effective or who have abused
121	the Medicaid program, in accordance with the procedures and provisions of federal law and
122	regulation.
123	(3) The director of the division shall periodically assess the cost effectiveness and
124	health implications of the existing Medicaid program, and consider alternative approaches to
125	the provision of covered health and medical services through the Medicaid program, in order to
126	reduce unnecessary or unreasonable utilization.
127	(4) The department shall ensure Medicaid program integrity by conducting internal
128	audits of the Medicaid program for efficiencies, best practices, fraud, waste, abuse, and cost
129	recovery[, at least in proportion to the percent of funding for the program that comes from state
130	funds].
131	(5) The department shall, by December 31 of each year, report to the Health and
132	Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee regarding:
133	(a) measures taken under this section to increase:
134	(i) efficiencies within the program; and
135	(ii) cost avoidance and cost recovery efforts in the program; and
136	(b) results of program integrity efforts under Subsection (4).
137	Section 2. Section 26-18-3 is amended to read:
138	26-18-3. Administration of Medicaid program by department Reporting to the
139	Legislature Disciplinary measures and sanctions Funds collected Eligibility
140	standards Internal audits Studies Health opportunity accounts.
141	(1) The department shall be the single state agency responsible for the administration
142	of the Medicaid program in connection with the United States Department of Health and
143	Human Services pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act.
144	(2) (a) The department shall implement the Medicaid program through administrative
145	rules in conformity with this chapter, Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
146	Act, the requirements of Title XIX, and applicable federal regulations.
147	(b) The rules adopted under Subsection (2)(a) shall include, in addition to other rules
148	necessary to implement the program:
149	(i) the standards used by the department for determining eligibility for Medicaid

130	services;
151	(ii) the services and benefits to be covered by the Medicaid program; and
152	(iii) reimbursement methodologies for providers under the Medicaid program.
153	(3) (a) The department shall, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), report to the Health
154	and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee when the department:
155	(i) implements a change in the Medicaid State Plan;
156	(ii) initiates a new Medicaid waiver;
157	(iii) initiates an amendment to an existing Medicaid waiver;
158	(iv) applies for an extension of an application for a waiver or an existing Medicaid
159	waiver; or
160	(v) initiates a rate change that requires public notice under state or federal law.
161	(b) The report required by Subsection (3)(a) shall:
162	(i) be submitted to the Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee prior
163	to the department implementing the proposed change; and
164	(ii) include:
165	(A) a description of the department's current practice or policy that the department is
166	proposing to change;
167	(B) an explanation of why the department is proposing the change;
168	(C) the proposed change in services or reimbursement, including a description of the
169	effect of the change;
170	(D) the effect of an increase or decrease in services or benefits on individuals and
171	families;
172	(E) the degree to which any proposed cut may result in cost-shifting to more expensive
173	services in health or human service programs; and
174	(F) the fiscal impact of the proposed change, including:
175	(I) the effect of the proposed change on current or future appropriations from the
176	Legislature to the department;
177	(II) the effect the proposed change may have on federal matching dollars received by
178	the state Medicaid program;
179	(III) any cost shifting or cost savings within the department's budget that may result
180	from the proposed change; and

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181 (IV) identification of the funds that will be used for the proposed change, including any 182 transfer of funds within the department's budget. 183 (4) (a) The Department of Human Services shall report to the Legislative Health and 184 Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee no later than December 31, 2010 in accordance 185 with Subsection (4)(b). 186 (b) The report required by Subsection (4)(a) shall include: 187 (i) changes made by the division or the department beginning July 1, 2010 that effect 188 the Medicaid program, a waiver under the Medicaid program, or an interpretation of Medicaid 189 services or funding, that relate to care for children and youth in the custody of the Division of 190 Child and Family Services or the Division of Juvenile Justice Services; 191 (ii) the history and impact of the changes under Subsection (4)(b)(i); 192 (iii) the Department of Human Service's plans for addressing the impact of the changes 193 under Subsection (4)(b)(i); and 194 (iv) ways to consolidate administrative functions within the Department of Human 195 Services, the Department of Health, the Division of Child and Family Services, and the 196 Division of Juvenile Justice Services to more efficiently meet the needs of children and youth 197 with mental health and substance disorder treatment needs. 198 (5) Any rules adopted by the department under Subsection (2) are subject to review and 199 reauthorization by the Legislature in accordance with Section 63G-3-502. 200 (6) The department may, in its discretion, contract with the Department of Human 201 Services or other qualified agencies for services in connection with the administration of the 202 Medicaid program, including: 203 (a) the determination of the eligibility of individuals for the program; 204 (b) recovery of overpayments; and 205 (c) consistent with Section 26-20-13, and to the extent permitted by law and quality 206 control services, enforcement of fraud and abuse laws. 207 (7) The department shall provide, by rule, disciplinary measures and sanctions for 208 Medicaid providers who fail to comply with the rules and procedures of the program, provided 209 that sanctions imposed administratively may not extend beyond:

(a) termination from the program;

(b) recovery of claim reimbursements incorrectly paid; and

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212 (c) those specified in Section 1919 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act. 213 (8) Funds collected as a result of a sanction imposed under Section 1919 of Title XIX 214 of the federal Social Security Act shall be deposited in the General Fund as dedicated credits to 215 be used by the division in accordance with the requirements of Section 1919 of Title XIX of 216 the federal Social Security Act. 217 (9) (a) In determining whether an applicant or recipient is eligible for a service or 218 benefit under this part or Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act, the department 219 shall, if Subsection (9)(b) is satisfied, exclude from consideration one passenger vehicle 220 designated by the applicant or recipient. 221 (b) Before Subsection (9)(a) may be applied: 222 (i) the federal government must: 223 (A) determine that Subsection (9)(a) may be implemented within the state's existing 224 public assistance-related waivers as of January 1, 1999; 225 (B) extend a waiver to the state permitting the implementation of Subsection (9)(a); or 226 (C) determine that the state's waivers that permit dual eligibility determinations for 227 cash assistance and Medicaid are no longer valid; and 228 (ii) the department must determine that Subsection (9)(a) can be implemented within 229 existing funding. 230 (10) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (10): 231 (i) "aged, blind, or disabled" shall be defined by administrative rule; and 232 (ii) "spend down" means an amount of income in excess of the allowable income 233 standard that must be paid in cash to the department or incurred through the medical services 234 not paid by Medicaid. 235 (b) In determining whether an applicant or recipient who is aged, blind, or disabled is 236 eligible for a service or benefit under this chapter, the department shall use 100% of the federal 237 poverty level as: 238 (i) the allowable income standard for eligibility for services or benefits; and 239 (ii) the allowable income standard for eligibility as a result of spend down. 240 (11) The department shall conduct internal audits of the Medicaid program[, in

proportion to at least the level of funding it receives from Medicaid to conduct internal audits].

(12) In order to determine the feasibility of contracting for direct Medicaid providers

243	for primary care services, the department shan:
244	(a) issue a request for information for direct contracting for primary services that shall
245	provide that a provider shall exclusively serve all Medicaid clients:
246	(i) in a geographic area;
247	(ii) for a defined range of primary care services; and
248	(iii) for a predetermined total contracted amount; and
249	(b) by February 1, 2011, report to the Health and Human Services Appropriations
250	Subcommittee on the response to the request for information under Subsection (12)(a).
251	(13) (a) By December 31, 2010, the department shall:
252	(i) determine the feasibility of implementing a three year patient-centered medical
253	home demonstration project in an area of the state using existing budget funds; and
254	(ii) report the department's findings and recommendations under Subsection (13)(a)(i)
255	to the Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee.
256	(b) If the department determines that the medical home demonstration project
257	described in Subsection (13)(a) is feasible, and the Health and Human Services Appropriations
258	Subcommittee recommends that the demonstration project be implemented, the department
259	shall:
260	(i) implement the demonstration project; and
261	(ii) by December 1, 2012, make recommendations to the Health and Human Services
262	Appropriations Subcommittee regarding the:
263	(A) continuation of the demonstration project;
264	(B) expansion of the demonstration project to other areas of the state; and
265	(C) cost savings incurred by the implementation of the demonstration project.
266	(14) (a) The department may apply for and, if approved, implement a demonstration
267	program for health opportunity accounts, as provided for in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396u-8.
268	(b) A health opportunity account established under Subsection (14)(a) shall be an
269	alternative to the existing benefits received by an individual eligible to receive Medicaid under
270	this chapter.
271	(c) Subsection (14)(a) is not intended to expand the coverage of the Medicaid program
272	Section 3. Section 58-37f-301 is amended to read:
273	58-37f-301. Access to database.

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prospective patient;

patient; or

274 (1) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 275 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to: 276 (a) effectively enforce the limitations on access to the database as described in this 277 part; and 278 (b) establish standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of individuals 279 requesting information or receiving information without request from the database. 280 (2) The division shall make information in the database available only to the following 281 individuals, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and division rules: 282 (a) personnel of the division specifically assigned to conduct investigations related to 283 controlled substance laws under the jurisdiction of the division; 284 (b) authorized division personnel engaged in analysis of controlled substance 285 prescription information as a part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their 286 employment; 287 (c) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department, 288 employees of the Department of Health: 289 (i) whom the director of the Department of Health assigns to conduct scientific studies 290 regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances, provided that the identity of the individuals 291 and pharmacies in the database are confidential and are not disclosed in any manner to any 292 individual who is not directly involved in the scientific studies; or 293 (ii) when the information is requested by the Department of Health in relation to a 294 person whom the Department of Health suspects may be improperly obtaining or providing a 295 controlled substance; 296 (d) a licensed practitioner having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to the 297 extent the information: 298 (i) (A) relates specifically to a current or prospective patient of the practitioner; and 299 (B) is sought by the practitioner for the purpose of: 300 (I) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance to the current or

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(III) providing medical treatment or medical advice to the current or prospective

(II) diagnosing the current or prospective patient;

305	(IV) determining whether the current or prospective patient:
306	(Aa) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the practitioner;
307	or
308	(Bb) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
309	substance from the practitioner;
310	(ii) (A) relates specifically to a former patient of the practitioner; and
311	(B) is sought by the practitioner for the purpose of determining whether the former
312	patient has fraudulently obtained, or has attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
313	substance from the practitioner;
314	(iii) relates specifically to an individual who has access to the practitioner's Drug
315	Enforcement Administration identification number, and the practitioner suspects that the
316	individual may have used the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration identification
317	number to fraudulently acquire or prescribe a controlled substance;
318	(iv) relates to the practitioner's own prescribing practices, except when specifically
319	prohibited by the division by administrative rule;
320	(v) relates to the use of the controlled substance database by an employee of the
321	practitioner, described in Subsection (2)(e); or
322	(vi) relates to any use of the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration
323	identification number to obtain, attempt to obtain, prescribe, or attempt to prescribe, a
324	controlled substance;
325	(e) in accordance with Subsection (3)(a), an employee of a practitioner described in
326	Subsection (2)(d), for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), if:
327	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access
328	the information on behalf of the practitioner;
329	(ii) the practitioner provides written notice to the division of the identity of the
330	employee; and
331	(iii) the division:
332	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
333	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access
334	the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection
335	58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee;

336	(f) a licensed pharmacist having authority to dispense a controlled substance to the
337	extent the information is sought for the purpose of:
338	(i) dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance; or
339	(ii) determining whether a person:
340	(A) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the pharmacist; or
341	(B) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
342	substance from the pharmacist;
343	(g) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities, and state and local
344	prosecutors, engaged as a specified duty of their employment in enforcing laws:
345	(i) regulating controlled substances; or
346	(ii) investigating insurance fraud, Medicaid fraud, or Medicare fraud;
347	(h) a mental health therapist, if:
348	(i) the information relates to a patient who is:
349	(A) enrolled in a licensed substance abuse treatment program; and
350	(B) receiving treatment from, or under the direction of, the mental health therapist as
351	part of the patient's participation in the licensed substance abuse treatment program described
352	in Subsection (2)(h)(i)(A);
353	(ii) the information is sought for the purpose of determining whether the patient is
354	using a controlled substance while the patient is enrolled in the licensed substance abuse
355	treatment program described in Subsection (2)(h)(i)(A); and
356	(iii) the licensed substance abuse treatment program described in Subsection
357	(2)(h)(i)(A) is associated with a practitioner who:
358	(A) is a physician, a physician assistant, an advance practice registered nurse, or a
359	pharmacist; and
360	(B) is available to consult with the mental health therapist regarding the information
361	obtained by the mental health therapist, under this Subsection (2)(h), from the database; [and]
362	(i) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription entered into
363	the database, upon providing evidence satisfactory to the division that the individual requesting
364	the information is in fact the individual about whom the data entry was made[:]; and
365	(j) the inspector general, or a designee of the inspector general, of the Office of
366	Inspector General of Medicaid Services, for the purpose of fulfilling the duties described in

- Title 63J, Chapter 4a, Part 2, Office Duties and Powers.
 - (3) (a) A practitioner described in Subsection (2)(d) may designate up to three employees to access information from the database under Subsection (2)(e).
 - (b) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish background check procedures to determine whether an employee designated under Subsection (2)(e)(i) should be granted access to the database.
 - (c) The division shall grant an employee designated under Subsection (2)(e)(i) access to the database, unless the division determines, based on a background check, that the employee poses a security risk to the information contained in the database.
 - (d) The division may impose a fee, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, on a practitioner who designates an employee under Subsection (2)(e)(i), to pay for the costs incurred by the division to conduct the background check and make the determination described in Subsection (3)(b).
 - (4) (a) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the individual is a licensed practitioner or a mental health therapist shall be denied access to the database when the individual is no longer licensed.
 - (b) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the individual is a designated employee of a licensed practitioner shall be denied access to the database when the practitioner is no longer licensed.
 - Section 4. Section **63G-2-305** is amended to read:

63G-2-305. Protected records.

The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

- (1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
- (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person if:
- (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
 - (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access

than the public in obtaining access; and

- (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
- (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
- (4) records the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
- (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;
- (6) records the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, once the contract or grant has been awarded, a bid, proposal, or application submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
 - (a) a request for bids;
 - (b) a request for proposals;
- 418 (c) a grant; or
 - (d) other similar document;
 - (7) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
 - (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information outweighs the governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
 - (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
 - (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;

- (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or
- (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
- (8) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
- (a) the public interest in access outweighs the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (9) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

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from a member of the Legislature; and

- 460 (10) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an 461 individual; 462 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 463 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, 464 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 465 (12) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional 466 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere 467 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole; 468 (13) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 469 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the 470 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the 471 employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's 472 jurisdiction; 473 (14) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with 474 475 audits or collections; (15) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit 476 477 until the final audit is released: 478 (16) records prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity solely in anticipation of 479 litigation that are not available under the rules of discovery; 480 (17) records disclosing an attorney's work product, including the mental impressions or 481 legal theories of an attorney or other representative of a governmental entity concerning 482 litigation; 483 (18) records of communications between a governmental entity and an attorney 484 representing, retained, or employed by the governmental entity if the communications would be 485 privileged as provided in Section 78B-1-137; 486 (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
 - legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of

(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection

491	with the preparation of legislation between:
492	(A) members of a legislative body;
493	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
494	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
495	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
496	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
497	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
498	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
499	legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
500	legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
501	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
502	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator
503	asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such
504	time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
505	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and
506	General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared
507	in response to these requests;
508	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
509	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about collective bargaining or
510	pending litigation;
511	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that
512	may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
513	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
514	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
515	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
516	personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
517	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or
518	biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of
519	valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
520	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would
521	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

- (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
 - (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining

553 the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, 554 copyrights, and trade secrets; 555 (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an 556 institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other 557 information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of 558 the donor, provided that: 559 (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing; 560 (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be 561 classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and 562 (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in 563 Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged 564 in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority 565 over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled 566 by the donor or the donor's immediate family; 567 (38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 568 73-18-13; 569 (39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 570 34A-2-205; 571 (40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher 572 education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, 573 or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution: 574 (i) unpublished lecture notes; 575 (ii) unpublished notes, data, and information: 576 (A) relating to research; and 577 (B) of: 578 (I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 579 53B-1-102; or 580 (II) a sponsor of sponsored research; 581 (iii) unpublished manuscripts; 582 (iv) creative works in process;

(v) scholarly correspondence; and

584	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
585	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
586	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
587	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
588	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
589	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
590	date that audit is completed and made public; and
591	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
592	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
593	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
594	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
595	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
596	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
597	other document that indicates the location of:
598	(a) a production facility; or
599	(b) a magazine;
600	(43) information:
601	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
602	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
603	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
604	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
605	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
606	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
607	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
608	National Guard's federal mission;
609	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
610	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
611	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
612	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
613	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
614	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section

013	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program prepared or maintained by the
616	Division of Homeland Security the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
617	(a) the safety of the general public; or
618	(b) the security of:
619	(i) governmental property;
620	(ii) governmental programs; or
621	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Homeland Security
622	information;
623	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food relating to the National
624	Animal Identification System or any other program that provides for the identification, tracing,
625	or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title 4, Chapter 24,
626	Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-theft Act or Title 4, Chapter 31, Livestock Inspection and
627	Quarantine;
628	(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:
629	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
630	regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
631	substantiate; and
632	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
633	from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
634	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
635	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
636	personal mobile phone number, if:
637	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
638	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
639	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
640	kept confidential due to:
641	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
642	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
643	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
644	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
645	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section

646	53B-1-102; and
647	(b) conducted using animals;
648	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement
649	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
650	(54) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
651	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
652	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
653	the information or report;
654	(55) (a) records of the Utah Educational Savings Plan created under Section
655	53B-8a-103 if the disclosure of the records would conflict with its fiduciary obligations;
656	(b) proposals submitted to the Utah Educational Savings Plan; and
657	(c) contracts entered into by the Utah Educational Savings Plan and the related
658	payments;
659	(56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
660	62A-4a-1003;
661	(57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
662	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
663	(58) information requested by and provided to the Utah State 911 Committee under
664	Section 53-10-602;
665	(59) recorded Children's Justice Center investigative interviews, both video and audio,
666	the release of which are governed by Section 77-37-4; [and]
667	(60) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
668	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
669	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
670	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
671	municipality[-];
672	(61) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General
673	of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63J-4a-201:
674	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
675	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or
676	allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services

577	through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied
578	upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation
579	report or final audit report;
680	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
581	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any
582	Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or
583	regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any
584	recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that
585	the identity of the person be protected;
686	(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final
587	investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not
588	an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
589	(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey
590	plan, or audit program; or
591	(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
592	investigation or audit; and
593	(62) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
594	Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or
595	abuse.
596	Section 5. Section 63I-2-263 is amended to read:
597	63I-2-263. Repeal dates, Title 63A to Title 63M.
598	(1) Subsection 63G-1-401(5) is repealed on May 10, 2011.
599	(2) Sections 63J-4a-206 and 63J-4a-207 are repealed on December 31, 2011.
700	Section 6. Section 63J-4-202 is amended to read:
701	63J-4-202. Appointment of director, state planning coordinator, and inspector
702	general of Medicaid Services.
703	(1) (a) The governor shall appoint, to serve at the governor's pleasure:
704	(i) a director of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; and
705	(ii) a state planning coordinator.
706	(b) The state planning coordinator is considered part of the office for purposes of
707	administration.

708	(2) The governor shall establish the director's salary within the salary range fixed by
709	the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
710	(3) (a) In accordance with Section 63J-4a-201, the governor shall appoint, with the
711	advice and consent of the Senate, the inspector general of the Office of Inspector General and
712	Medicaid Services.
713	(b) The Office of Inspector General and Medicaid Services is considered part of the
714	office for purposes of administration.
715	Section 7. Section 63J-4a-101 is enacted to read:
716	CHAPTER 4a. OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF MEDICAID SERVICES
717	Part 1. General Provisions
718	<u>63J-4a-101.</u> Title.
719	This chapter is known as "Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services."
720	Section 8. Section 63J-4a-102 is enacted to read:
721	<u>63J-4a-102.</u> Definitions.
722	As used in this chapter:
723	(1) "Abuse" means:
724	(a) an action or practice that:
725	(i) is inconsistent with sound fiscal, business, or medical practices; and
726	(ii) results, or may result, in unnecessary Medicaid related costs; or
727	(b) reckless or negligent upcoding.
728	(2) "Claimant" means a person that:
729	(a) provides a service; and
730	(b) submits a claim for Medicaid reimbursement for the service.
731	(3) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.
732	(4) "Division" means the Division of Health Care Financing, created in Section
733	<u>26-18-2.1.</u>
734	(5) "Fraud" means intentional or knowing:
735	(a) deception, misrepresentation, or upcoding in relation to Medicaid funds, costs, a
736	claim, reimbursement, or services; or
737	(b) a violation of a provision of Subsections 26-20-3 through 26-20-7.
738	(6) "Fraud unit" means the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the attorney general's

739	office.
740	(7) "Health care professional" means a person licensed under:
741	(a) Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
742	(b) Title 58, Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
743	(c) Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
744	(d) Title 58, Chapter 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act;
745	(e) Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
746	(f) Title 58, Chapter 40, Recreational Therapy Practice Act;
747	(g) Title 58, Chapter 41, Speech-language Pathology and Audiology Licensing Act;
748	(h) Title 58, Chapter 42a, Occupational Therapy Practice Act;
749	(i) Title 58, Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
750	(j) Title 58, Chapter 49, Dietitian Certification Act;
751	(k) Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health Professional Practice Act;
752	(1) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
753	(m) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
754	(n) Title 58, Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental Hygienist Practice Act;
755	(o) Title 58, Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act; and
756	(p) Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician Practice Act.
757	(8) "Inspector general" means the inspector general of the office, appointed under
758	Section 63J-4a-201.
759	(9) "Office" means the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in
760	Section 63J-4a-201.
761	(10) "Provider" means a person that provides:
762	(a) medical assistance, including supplies or services, in exchange, directly or
763	indirectly, for Medicaid funds; or
764	(b) billing or recordkeeping services relating to Medicaid funds.
765	(11) "Upcoding" means assigning an inaccurate billing code for a service that is
766	payable or reimbursable by Medicaid funds, if the correct billing code for the service would
767	result in a lower Medicaid payment or reimbursement.
768	(12) "Waste" means overutilization of resources or inappropriate payment.
769	Section 9. Section 63J-4a-201 is enacted to read:

770	Part 2. Office Duties and Powers
771	63J-4a-201. Creation of office Inspector general Appointment Term.
772	(1) There is created, within the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, the Office
773	of Inspector General of Medicaid Services.
774	(2) The governor shall appoint the inspector general, with the advice and consent of the
775	Senate.
776	(3) A person appointed as the inspector general shall:
777	(a) be a certified public accountant or a certified internal auditor; and
778	(b) have the following qualifications:
779	(i) a general knowledge of the specific methodology and controls necessary to audit,
780	investigate, and identify Medicaid fraud, waste, and abuse;
781	(ii) strong management skills;
782	(iii) extensive knowledge of, and at least seven years experience with, performance
783	audit methodology;
784	(iv) the ability to oversee and execute an audit;
785	(v) strong interpersonal skills; and
786	(vi) experience in making presentations to government officials.
787	(4) The inspector general:
788	(a) shall serve a term of six years; and
789	(b) may be removed by the governor, for cause.
790	(5) If the inspector general is removed for cause, a new inspector general shall be
791	appointed, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve a six-year term.
792	Section 10. Section 63J-4a-202 is enacted to read:
793	63J-4a-202. Duties and powers of inspector general and office.
794	(1) The inspector general shall:
795	(a) administer, direct, and manage the office;
796	(b) inspect and monitor the following in relation to the state Medicaid program:
797	(i) the use and expenditure of federal and state funds;
798	(ii) the provision of health benefits and other services;
799	(iii) implementation of, and compliance with, state and federal requirements; and
800	(iv) records and recordkeeping procedures;

801	(c) receive reports of potential fraud, waste, or abuse in the state Medicaid program;
802	(d) investigate and identify potential or actual fraud, waste, or abuse in the state
803	Medicaid program;
804	(e) consult with the Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services and other states to
805	determine and implement best practices for discovering and eliminating fraud, waste, and
806	abuse of Medicaid funds;
807	(f) obtain, develop, and utilize computer algorithms to identify fraud, waste, or abuse
808	in the state Medicaid program;
809	(g) work closely with the fraud unit to identify and recover improperly or fraudulently
810	expended Medicaid funds;
811	(h) audit, inspect, and evaluate the functioning of the division to ensure that the state
812	Medicaid program is managed in the most efficient and cost-effective manner possible;
813	(i) regularly advise the department and the division of an action that should be taken to
814	ensure that the state Medicaid program is managed in the most efficient and cost-effective
815	manner possible;
816	(j) refer potential criminal conduct, relating to Medicaid funds or the state Medicaid
817	program, to the fraud unit;
818	(k) determine ways to:
819	(i) identify, prevent, and reduce fraud, waste, and abuse in the state Medicaid program
820	<u>and</u>
821	(ii) recoup costs, reduce costs, and avoid or minimize increased costs of the state
822	Medicaid program;
823	(1) seek recovery of improperly paid Medicaid funds;
824	(m) track recovery of Medicaid funds by the state;
825	(n) in accordance with Section 63J-4a-501:
826	(i) report on the actions and findings of the inspector general; and
827	(ii) make recommendations to the Legislature and the governor;
828	(o) provide training to agencies and employees on identifying potential fraud, waste, or
829	abuse of Medicaid funds; and
830	(p) develop and implement principles and standards for the fulfillment of the duties of
831	the inspector general, based on principles and standards used by:

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832	(i) the Federal Offices of Inspector General;
833	(ii) the Association of Inspector's General; and
834	(iii) the United States Government Accountability Office.
835	(2) The office may conduct a performance or financial audit of:
836	(a) a state executive branch entity or a local government entity, including an entity
837	described in Subsection 63J-4a-301(3), that:
838	(i) manages or oversees a state Medicaid program; or
839	(ii) manages or oversees the use or expenditure of state or federal Medicaid funds; or
840	(b) Medicaid funds received by a person by a grant from, or under contract with, a state
841	executive branch entity or a local government entity.
842	(3) The inspector general may take a sworn statement or administer an oath.
843	Section 11. Section 63J-4a-203 is enacted to read:
844	63J-4a-203. Memorandum of understanding with fraud unit.
845	The inspector general shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the fraud
846	unit to:
847	(1) formalize communication, cooperation, coordination of efforts, and the sharing of
848	information, on a regular basis, between the office and the fraud unit;
849	(2) provide for reporting criminal activity discovered by the office to the fraud unit;
850	(3) ensure that investigations and other action by the office and the fraud unit do not
851	conflict; and
852	(4) provide for the sharing and classification of records between the office and the
853	fraud unit under the Government Records Access and Management Act.
854	Section 12. Section 63J-4a-204 is enacted to read:
855	63.J-4a-204. Selection and review of claims.
856	(1) On an annual basis, the office shall select and review a representative sample of
857	claims submitted for reimbursement under the state Medicaid program to determine whether
858	fraud, waste, or abuse occurred.
859	(2) The office may directly contact the recipient of record for a Medicaid reimbursed
860	service to determine whether the service for which reimbursement was claimed was actually
861	provided to the recipient of record.
862	(3) The office shall generate statistics from the sample described in Subsection (1) to

863	determine the type of fraud, waste, or abuse that is most advantageous to focus on in future
864	audits or investigations.
865	Section 13. Section 63J-4a-205 is enacted to read:
866	63J-4a-205. Placement of hold on claims for reimbursement Injunction.
867	(1) The inspector general or the inspector general's designee may, without prior notice,
868	order a hold on the payment of a claim for reimbursement submitted by a claimant if there is
869	reasonable cause to believe that the claim, or payment of the claim, constitutes fraud, waste, or
870	abuse, or is otherwise inaccurate.
871	(2) The office shall, within seven days after the day on which a hold described in
872	Subsection (1) is ordered, notify the claimant that the hold has been placed.
873	(3) The inspector general or the inspector general's designee may not maintain a hold
874	longer than is necessary to determine whether the claim, or payment of the claim, constitutes
875	fraud, waste, or abuse, or is otherwise inaccurate.
876	(4) A claimant may, at any time during which a hold is in place, appeal the hold under
877	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
878	(5) If a claim is approved or denied before a hearing is held under Title 63G, Chapter 4
879	Administrative Procedures Act, the appeal shall be dismissed as moot.
880	(6) The inspector general may request that the attorney general's office seek an
881	injunction to prevent a person from disposing of an asset that is potentially subject to recovery
882	by the state to recover funds due to a person's fraud or abuse.
883	(7) The department and the division shall fully comply with a hold ordered under this
884	section.
885	Section 14. Section 63J-4a-206 is enacted to read:
886	63.J-4a-206. Transfer of full-time equivalents to staff office.
887	The office shall be staffed by transferring from the Office of Internal Audit and
888	Program Integrity to the office all full-time equivalents for the following positions, as they
889	existed and were organized within the Office of Internal Audit and Program Integrity on
890	September 28, 2010, as shown in Appendix B of the Performance Audit of Utah Medicaid
891	Provider Cost Control, dated December 2010 and published by the Office of the Legislative
892	Auditor General:
803	(1) the director of the Office of Internal Audit and Program Integrity:

894	(2) the executive secretary to the director of the Office of Internal Audit and Program
895	Integrity:
896	(3) two positions of program manager of Program Integrity Post Payment Review;
897	(4) all positions under the positions described in Subsection (1)(c), including:
898	(a) four RN III positions;
899	(b) the position of RN III that was vacant on September 28, 2010;
900	(c) the position of office specialist I that was vacant on September 28, 2010;
901	(d) doctor (0.2 FTE);
902	(e) two positions of doctor (0.5 FTE each);
903	(f) data HPS III;
904	(g) the position of data HPS II that was vacant on September 28, 2010;
905	(h) collections HPS II;
906	(i) PERM Lead;
907	(j) PERM HPS II; and
908	(k) PERM HPS II;
909	(5) the audit manager (performance audit); and
910	(6) all positions under the position described in Subsection (5), including:
911	(a) two positions of Lead Auditor;
912	(b) two positions of Auditor II, including the one that was vacant on September 28,
913	2010; and
914	(c) OIAS Support.
915	Section 15. Section 63J-4a-207 is enacted to read:
916	63J-4a-207. Filling of transferred positions.
917	The executive director of the department and the inspector general shall meet to
918	determine which individuals, if any, who currently hold the positions represented by the
919	full-time equivalents described in Section 63J-4a-206, will fill positions in the office. Any
920	disagreement regarding transferring of personnel shall be resolved by the governor.
921	Section 16. Section 63J-4a-301 is enacted to read:
922	Part 3. Investigation or Audit
923	63J-4a-301. Access to records Retention of designation under Government
924	Records Access and Management Act.

925	(1) In order to fulfill the duties described in Section 63J-4a-202, the office shall have
926	unrestricted access to all records of state executive branch entities, all local government
927	entities, and all providers relating, directly or indirectly, to:
928	(a) the state Medicaid program;
929	(b) state or federal Medicaid funds;
930	(c) the provision of Medicaid related services;
931	(d) the regulation or management of any aspect of the state Medicaid program;
932	(e) the use or expenditure of state or federal Medicaid funds;
933	(f) suspected or proven fraud, waste, or abuse of state or federal Medicaid funds;
934	(g) Medicaid program policies, practices, and procedures;
935	(h) monitoring of Medicaid services or funds; or
936	(i) a fatality review of a person who received Medicaid funded services.
937	(2) The office shall have access to information in any database maintained by the state
938	or a local government to verify identity, income, employment status, or other factors that affect
939	eligibility for Medicaid services.
940	(3) The records described in Subsections (1) and (2) include records held or maintained
941	by the department, the division, the Department of Human Services, the Department of
942	Workforce Services, a local health department, a local mental health authority, or a school
943	district. The records described in Subsection (1) include records held or maintained by a
944	provider.
945	(4) A record, described in Subsection (1) or (2), that is accessed or copied by the
946	office:
947	(a) may be reviewed or copied by the office during normal business hours; and
948	(b) if it is a government record, shall retain the classification made by the entity
949	responsible for the record, under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
950	Management Act.
951	(5) Notwithstanding any provision of state law to the contrary, the office shall have the
952	same access to all records, information, and databases that the department or the division have
953	access to.
954	(6) The office shall comply with the requirements of federal law, including the Health
955	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and 42 CFR, Part 2, relating to the

956	confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse records, in the office's:
957	(a) access, review, retention, and use of records; and
958	(b) use of information included in, or derived from, records.
959	Section 17. Section 63J-4a-302 is enacted to read:
960	63J-4a-302. Access to employees Cooperating with investigation or audit.
961	(1) The office shall have access to interview the following persons if the inspector
962	general determines that the interview may assist the inspector general in fulfilling the duties
963	described in Section 63J-4a-202:
964	(a) a state executive branch official, executive director, director, or employee;
965	(b) a local government official or employee;
966	(c) a consultant or contractor of a person described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b); or
967	(d) a provider or an employee of a provider.
968	(2) A person described in Subsection (1) and each supervisor of the person shall fully
969	cooperate with the office by:
970	(a) providing the office or the inspector general's designee with access to interview the
971	person;
972	(b) completely and truthfully answering questions asked by the office or the inspector
973	general's designee;
974	(c) providing the records, described in Subsection 63J-4a-301(1), requested by the
975	office or the inspector general's designee; and
976	(d) providing the office or the inspector general's designee with information relating to
977	the office's investigation or audit.
978	(3) A person described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b) and each supervisor of the person
979	shall fully cooperate with the office by:
980	(a) providing records requested by the office or the inspector general's designee; and
981	(b) providing the office or the inspector general's designee with information relating to
982	the office's investigation or audit, including information that is classified as private, controlled
983	or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
984	Section 18. Section 63J-4a-303 is enacted to read:
985	63J-4a-303. Cooperation and support.
986	The department, the division, each consultant or contractor of the department or

901	division, and each provider shall provide its run cooperation and support to the inspector
988	general and the office in fulfilling the duties of the inspector general and the office.
989	Section 19. Section 63J-4a-304 is enacted to read:
990	63J-4a-304. Interference with an investigation or audit prohibited.
991	No person may:
992	(1) interfere with or impede an investigation or audit of the office or fraud unit; or
993	(2) interfere with the office relative to the content of a report, the conclusions reached
994	in a report, or the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.
995	Section 20. Section 63J-4a-401 is enacted to read:
996	Part 4. Subpoena Power
997	63J-4a-401. Subpoena power Enforcement.
998	(1) The inspector general has the power to issue a subpoena to obtain a record or
999	interview a person that the office or inspector general has the right to access under Part 3,
1000	Investigation or Audit.
1001	(2) A person who fails to comply with a subpoena issued by the inspector general or
1002	who refuses to testify regarding a matter upon which the person may be lawfully interrogated:
1003	(a) is in contempt of the inspector general; and
1004	(b) upon request by the inspector general, the attorney general shall:
1005	(i) file a motion for an order to compel obedience to the subpoena with the district
1006	court:
1007	(ii) file, with the district court, a motion for an order to show cause why the penalties
1008	established in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3, Contempt, should not be imposed upon the person
1009	named in the subpoena for contempt of the inspector general; or
1010	(iii) pursue other legal remedies against the person.
1011	(3) Upon receipt of a motion under Subsection (2), the court:
1012	(a) shall expedite the hearing and decision on the motion; and
1013	<u>(b) may:</u>
1014	(i) order the person named in the subpoena to comply with the subpoena; and
1015	(ii) impose any penalties authorized by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3, Contempt, upon
1016	the person named in the subpoena for contempt of the inspector general.
1017	(4) (a) If a subpoena described in this section requires the production of accounts,

1018	books, papers, documents, or other tangible items, the person or entity to whom it is directed
1019	may petition a district court to quash or modify the subpoena at or before the time specified in
1020	the subpoena for compliance.
1021	(b) The inspector general may respond to a motion to quash or modify the subpoena by
1022	pursuing any remedy authorized by Subsection (3).
1023	(c) If the court finds that a subpoena requiring the production of accounts, books,
1024	papers, documents, or other tangible items is unreasonable or oppressive, the court may quash
1025	or modify the subpoena.
1026	(5) Nothing in this section prevents the inspector general from seeking an extraordinary
1027	writ to remedy contempt of the inspector general.
1028	(6) Any party aggrieved by a decision of a court under this section may appeal that
1029	decision directly to the Utah Supreme Court.
1030	Section 21. Section 63J-4a-501 is enacted to read:
1031	Part 5. Reporting
1032	63J-4a-501. Duty to report potential Medicaid fraud to the office or fraud unit.
1033	(1) A health care professional, a provider, or a state or local government official or
1034	employee who becomes aware of fraud, waste, or abuse shall report the fraud, waste, or abuse
1035	to the office or the fraud unit.
1036	(2) A person who makes a report under Subsection (1) may request that the person's
1037	name not be released in connection with the investigation.
1038	(3) If a request is made under Subsection (2), the person's identity may not be released
1039	to any person or entity other than the office, the fraud unit, or law enforcement, unless a court
1040	of competent jurisdiction orders that the person's identity be released.
1041	Section 22. Section 63J-4a-502 is enacted to read:
1042	63J-4a-502. Report and recommendations to governor and Executive
1043	Appropriations Committee.
1044	(1) The inspector general shall, on an annual basis, prepare a written report on the
1045	activities of the office for the preceding fiscal year.
1046	(2) The report shall include:
1047	(a) non-identifying information, including statistical information, on:
1048	(i) the items described in Subsection 63J-4a-202(1)(b) and Section 63J-4a-204;

1049	(ii) action taken by the office and the result of that action;			
1050	(iii) fraud, waste, and abuse in the state Medicaid program;			
1051	(iv) the recovery of fraudulent or improper use of state and federal Medicaid funds;			
1052	(v) measures taken by the state to discover and reduce fraud, waste, and abuse in the			
1053	state Medicaid program;			
1054	(vi) audits conducted by the office; and			
1055	(vii) investigations conducted by the office and the results of those investigations;			
1056	(b) recommendations on action that should be taken by the Legislature or the governor			
1057	<u>to:</u>			
1058	(i) improve the discovery and reduction of fraud, waste, and abuse in the state			
1059	Medicaid program;			
1060	(ii) improve the recovery of fraudulently or improperly used Medicaid funds; and			
1061	(iii) reduce costs and avoid or minimize increased costs in the state Medicaid program;			
1062	(c) recommendations relating to rules, policies, or procedures of a state or local			
1063	government entity; and			
1064	(d) services provided by the state Medicaid program that exceed industry standards.			
1065	(3) The report described in Subsection (1) may not include any information that would			
1066	interfere with or jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or other investigation.			
1067	(4) The inspector general shall provide the report described in Subsection (1) to the			
1068	Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature and to the governor on or before			
1069	October 1 of each year.			
1070	(5) The inspector general shall present the report described in Subsection (1) to the			
1071	Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature before November 30 of each year.			
1072	Section 23. Section 63J-4a-601 is enacted to read:			
1073	Part 6. Miscellaneous Provisions			
1074	63J-4a-601. Provision of contract services to Office of Inspector General of			
1075	Medicaid Services.			
1076	(1) The division and the assistant attorneys general assigned to the division shall			
1077	provide, without charge, contract review, contract enforcement, and other contract management			
1078	services to the office.			
1079	(2) The division shall ensure that the services described in Subsection (1) are provided			

1080	in an expeditious manner.				
1081	(3) The attorney general shall designate one of the assistant attorneys general assigned				
1082	to the division to give first priority to providing the services described in Subsection (1) to the				
1083	office.				
1084	(4) The office and the division shall enter into a memorandum of understanding in				
1085	order to execute the requirements of this section in an effective and efficient manner.				
1086	Section 24. Appropriation.				
1087	Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the				
1088	following sums of money are appropriated from resources not otherwise appropriated out of the				
1089	funds or accounts indicated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011 and ending June 30,				
1090	2012. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for fiscal year 2012.				
1091	Item 1 To Department of Health - Executive Director's Operations				
1092	From General Fund \$(694,900)				
1093	From Federal Fund \$(1,037,000)				
1094	From Revenue Transfers - Within Agency \$(81,500)				
1095	Schedule of Programs:				
1096	Internal Audit and Program Integrity \$(1,813,400)				
1097	Item 2 To Medicaid Mandatory Services				
1098	From General Fund \$(300,000)				
1099	From Federal Fund \$(519,100)				
1100	Schedule of Programs:				
1101	Other Mandatory Services \$(819,100)				
1102	Item 3 To Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services				
1103	From General Fund \$994,900				
1104	From Federal Fund \$1,556,100				
1105	From Revenue Transfers - Health \$81,500				
1106	Schedule of Programs:				
1107	Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services \$2,632,500				
1108	Section 25. Effective date.				
1109	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.				

FISCAL NOTE

H.B. 84 2nd Sub. (Gray)

SHORT TITLE: Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services

SPONSOR: Clark, D.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

This bill reallocates \$2,632,500 in FY 2012 (\$994,900 from the General Fund, \$1,556,100 from federal funds, and \$81,500 from transfers) from the Department of Health to a new Medicaid Inspector General's Office within the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

STATE BUDGET DETAIL TABLE	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditure:			
General Fund	\$0	(\$994,900)	(\$994,900)
General Fund	\$0	\$994,900	\$994,900
Federal Funds	\$0	(\$1,556,100)	(\$1,556,100
Federal Funds	\$0	\$1,556,100	\$1,556,100
Transfers	\$0	(\$81,500)	(\$81,500
Transfers	\$0	\$81,500	\$81,500
Total Expenditure	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Impact, All Funds (RevExp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Impact, General/Education Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses.

2/21/2011, 04:52 PM, Lead Analyst: Allred, S./Attorney: TRV

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst